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連立方程式の解き方

年 組 番 名前

●例題1 ●

次の連立方程式を解きなさい

$$\begin{cases} 3x - y = -3 \cdots ① \\ 2x + y = 8 \cdots ② \end{cases}$$

①+②

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x - y = -3 \\ +) 2x + y = 8 \\ \hline 5x = 5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x = 1 \\ x = 1 \text{ を } ② \text{ へ代入} \\ 2 \times 1 + y = 8 \end{array}$$

$$y = 6$$

よって、 $x = 1$ 、 $y = 6$ → 63の例題1, 2～

異符号の場合は和
同符号の場合は差
で一方を消去

①でもOK

問1 次の連立方程式を解きなさい

$$\begin{cases} x + 2y = 2 \cdots ① \\ x - y = 8 \cdots ② \end{cases}$$

①-②

$$\begin{array}{r} x + 2y = 2 \\ -) x - y = 8 \\ \hline 3y = -6 \end{array}$$

$$y = -2$$

 $y = -2$ を①に代入

$$x + 2 \times (-2) = 2$$

$$x - 4 = 2$$

$$x = 6$$

②でもOK

答. $x = 6$ 、 $y = -2$

$$\begin{cases} x - 2y = -10 \cdots ① \\ 5x + 2y = -2 \cdots ② \end{cases}$$

①+②

$$\begin{array}{r} x - 2y = -10 \\ +) 5x + 2y = -2 \\ \hline 6x = -12 \end{array}$$

$$x = -2$$

 $x = -2$ を②へ代入

$$5 \times (-2) + 2y = -2$$

$$-10 + 2y = -2$$

$$2y = 8$$

$$y = 4$$

①でもOK

答. $x = -2$ 、 $y = 4$

$$(3) \begin{cases} 2x + y = 5 \cdots ① \\ 2x - 4y = 10 \cdots ② \end{cases}$$

①-②

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + y = 5 \\ -) 2x - 4y = 10 \\ \hline 5y = -5 \\ y = -1 \end{array}$$

 $y = -1$ を①へ代入

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x - 1 = 5 \\ 2x = 6 \\ x = 3 \end{array}$$

②でもOK

答. $x = 3$ 、 $y = -1$

$$(4) \begin{cases} -x - 3y = 2 \cdots ① \\ 4x - 3y = 7 \cdots ② \end{cases}$$

①-②

$$\begin{array}{r} -x - 3y = 2 \\ -) 4x - 3y = 7 \\ \hline -5x = -5 \\ x = 1 \end{array}$$

 $x = 1$ を②へ代入

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \times 1 - 3y = 7 \\ -3y = 3 \\ y = -1 \end{array}$$

①でもOK

答. $x = 1$ 、 $y = -1$

$$(5) \begin{cases} 6x - 9y = -21 \cdots ① \\ 6x + 4y = -8 \cdots ② \end{cases}$$

①-②

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x - 9y = -21 \\ -) 6x + 4y = -8 \\ \hline -13y = -13 \\ y = 1 \end{array}$$

①でもOK

 $y = 1$ を②へ代入

$$\begin{array}{r} 6x + 4 \times 1 = -8 \\ 6x = -12 \\ x = -2 \end{array}$$

答. $x = -2$ 、 $y = 1$